

M.V. Bakaev

**THE DWELLING OF A JEWELER OF THE XII-FIRST HALF OF THE XIII
CENTURIES AT THE LAVSKY ARCHAEOLOGICAL COMPLEX:
RECONSTRUCTION EXPERIENCE**

An attempt is being made to reconstruct the ancient Russian dwelling of the XII - first half of the XIII centuries. The dwelling was excavated at the Lavsky Archaeological Complex trade and craft settlement. The research region belongs to the Don River basin. Three-dimensional modeling technology is used. The result of the work is the visualization of a dwelling consisting of a hut, an entrance hall, an economic extension. Visualization clearly reflects some details of the layout, the nature of the building.

Key words: historical modeling, reconstruction of a dwelling, Lavsky archaeological complex, rendering, texturing.

I.I. Boldyreva

**WIVES OF BARBARIAN RULERS OF EARLY MEDIEVAL ENGLAND AND
CHRISTIANIZATION OF ANGLO-SAXON KINGDOMS IN THE 7th
CENTURY**

The paper focuses on the Anglo-Saxon rulers' wives participation in the process of Christianization of Britain in the 7th century. The current research is largely based on the evidence provided by Bede's the Venerable *Ecclesiastical* history of the English people. It is shown that the conversion of pagan kings of Kent, Northumbria, and Mercia was preceded by their marriage unions with Christian princesses. Pastoral letters, the Popes addressed to Bertha of Kent and Eadburgh of Northumbria, illustrate that the Holy See assigned queens a prominent place in its missionary strategies. 7th century Anglo-Saxon queens enjoyed high position at court and had the opportunity to take part in public affairs. On the other hand, these women's role in Christianization of their countries is not entirely clear, because Bede portrays Christianization of the Anglo-Saxons not in the context of international politics or family relations, but as the fruit of missionary activity of Roman Church saints, led by Divine Providence.

Key words: Anglo-Saxon England, medieval queens, Christianization of Britain, Ecclesiastical history of the English people, Bede the Venerable.

Y.V. Vlasova

**THE RESPONSE OF THE RUSSIAN PUBLIC TO THE EXHIBITION OF FRENCH
PAINTING IN 1896**

The article analyzes the response of the Russian public to the first Impressionist exhibition in Russia in 1896. The features of the stylistic solution and the manner of execution in the style of impressionism are considered through the prism of comparative analysis with classical painting. The idea is substantiated that the first exhibitions of democratic art, which the Russian public got acquainted with, were held in Russia by artists of the Association of Peredvizhnik. Analyzed the reasons why the Russian public could not appreciate and understand Impressionist painting. The article substantiates the position that the exhibition of impressionism had a significant impact on the formation of new styles of painting in Russia, largely determining the stylistic trends in the painting of such artists as V. Kandinsky, P. Konchalovsky, K. Kuznetsov.

Key words: exhibition of Impressionist artists in Russia in 1896; periodicals of Russia in 1896; the work of artists of the Wanderers; impressionism in painting.

V.V. Gagin

**EXPERIENCE OF THE RED ARMY AIR FORCE OF THE GREAT PATRIOTIC
WAR: PROBLEMS OF APPLICATION AND RELEVANCE OF HISTORICAL
ANALYSIS**

The article pays special attention to the problem of errors in the analysis or completely unclaimed combat experience, for example, the experience of combat use of an aircraft designed by N.N. Polikarpov U-2LNB during the Great Patriotic War. A modern assessment of the «celestial slug» is given, as a stealth aircraft built in 1928, which is still relevant today. Ignoring the need for modern piston and screw attack aircraft is a repetition of the grave mistakes of the past.

In addition, there are proposals on the organizational structure and composition of the assault, army aviation and troops (aviation forces and assets) of the rapid response of the Russian Aerospace Forces. Outlines and abstracts of the concept of a modern attack aircraft are proposed as the basis of a multifunctional dual-use aviation complex for solving a wide range of combat, training, and economic tasks.

Key words: combat experience, air operation, close air support, light night bombers, combat effectiveness, attack aircraft, the concept of «flying infantry fighting vehicles».

V.I. Degtyarev

**THE EXPOSURE OF FASCISM IN EUROPE IN THE MATERIALS OF THE
JOURNAL «WORLD ECONOMY AND WORLD POLITICS» (1929-1936)**

The article reveals the features of formation, traits, aggressive colonial essence of European fascism in the publications of the journal "World Economy and World Politics", published by the Institute of World Economy and World Politics.

Key words: Europe, fascism, essence, features.

R.V. Dorokhina, E.N. Platonova

**CONTRIBUTION OF P.S. UVAROVA IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF RUSSIAN
ARCHEOLOGY**

The significance of the topic is determined by the influence of Countess Praskovya Sergeevna Uvarova on the development of archaeological science and the development of museum activities in the Russian Empire at the turn of the XIX-XX centuries. Countess Uvarova occupies a prominent place in the history of Russian culture and science. As an archaeologist, she made a significant contribution to the development of science through her public activities as chairman of the Moscow Archaeological Society. Among other things, she contributed to the preservation of the heritage of antiquities through the development of museum activities. Sources were used in the work – the memoirs of Countess Uvarova "The Past. Happy days long gone", as well as literature reflecting both the activities of Countess Uvarova herself against the background of the epoch, and the Moscow Archaeological Society.

Key words: archeology, antiquities, museum, Moscow Archaeological Society, charity, history.

B.A. Ershov, N.N. Shvedov, M.S. Shcherbakov

**BOURGEOIS REFORMS OF THE 60 – 70 YEARS OF THE XIX CENTURY IN
RUSSIA**

The article is devoted to the main socio-economic and political prerequisites that determined the course of the bourgeois reforms in the 60s - 70s of the XIX century during the reign of Alexander II. Such reforms are considered as: peasant, zemstvo, urban, judicial, military, as well as reform in the field of public education and the press.

Key words: Russia, bourgeois democracy, Alexander II, reform, serfdom, Crimean War, city дума, charter, zemstvo meetings.

I.V. Zubov, V.V. Tarasov

**ON THE NEED TO REVISION THE QUESTION OF THE GUILTY OF THE
LEADERSHIP OF THE USSR AND THE NKVD IN THE SHOOTING OF POLISH
PRISONERS OF WAR IN THE SPRING OF 1940**

This article presents an analysis of the results of several investigations on the perpetrators of the Katyn tragedy (the execution of Polish prisoners of war and their burial on the territory of the Smolensk region near the village of Katyn in the spring of 1940 (autumn 1941)). This study substantiates the need to return to the investigation of the circumstances of this tragedy in order to establish the truth and remove charges from the leadership of the USSR and the NKVD for this crime.

Key words: Poland, Republic of Poland, Soviet Union, USSR, NKVD, leadership of the USSR, Burdenko Commission N.N., mass grave, memorial, special military operation of the Armed Forces of the Russian Federation on the territory of Ukraine.

G.P. Ivanova, E.A. Shendrikov

**PILOTS OF THE 17TH AIR ARMY – LITTLE-KNOWN HEROES
OF MIDDLE DON OFFENSIVE OPERATION
DECEMBER 16 – 30, 1942 ("SMALL SATURN")**

The article highlights the little-known heroic exploits of the pilots of the 17th Air Army during the Middle Don Offensive operation ("Small Saturn") on the basis of archival documents. Showing valor and bravery, high flying skills, Stalin's falcons provided invaluable assistance to ground troops in achieving success.

Key words: The Great Patriotic War, the 17th Air Army, the Middle Don offensive operation, S.A. Krasovsky, S.K. Kuzmin, S.K. Yakubov, V.V. Cherkasov, S.A. Burnazyan, N.A. Roev, N.G. Lyzenko, I.K. Yakshin, A.A. Lvunin.

E.V. Ilyinov

**COMBAT USE OF SOVIET AVIATION IN THE VORONEZH REGION IN
JULY 1942 – JANUARY 1943**

The article highlights the fighting of Soviet aviation against the Nazi invaders, their allies and satellites in the Voronezh region in July 1942 – January 1943. The contribution of the 2nd Air Army, long-range Aviation units and fighter aircraft of the air defense of the country's territory to the weakening of the enemy in the Voronezh direction is considered. The progress and results of the combat operations of Soviet aviation during the offensive operations during the specified period are briefly highlighted. Examples of the heroism of Soviet pilots, whose skill allowed them to fulfill most of the tasks set by the Soviet command, are given.

Key words: the Great Patriotic War, fighting in the Voronezh region, the 2nd air army, long-range aviation, the 101st fighter division of the air defense of the country, S.A. Krasovsky, A.E. Golovanov, V.E. Kolesnichenko.

V.N. Morozova

**RESEARCH ON WORLD WAR II:
ON THE QUESTION OF THE SUBJECTIVE IN HISTORY**

The article describes the research of the transformation of subjective perception in the context of the events of World War II. Particular attention is paid to modern foreign research focused on the Germans perception of the events of the war itself and the post-war period. The problem of the complexity of using subjective sources (correspondence, diaries) to analyze such events of the past is being raised.

Key words: Fascism, anti-fascism, national socialism, World War II, subjective perception.

O.G. Nekrylova

**FORMATION OF THE SOVIET-TYPE TEACHER IN THE CONDITIONS OF THE
NEW ECONOMIC POLICY**

The article deals with the problems of the personnel policy of the Bolshevik government in the context of the construction of the Soviet education system, considers aspects related to the social image of teaching, analyzes the process of its political education during the period of the new economic policy.

Key words: History of Russia, Bolshevik government, Soviet teachers, class approach, political education

A.V. Pogorelsky

**SEPARATIST MOVEMENT ON THE ISLAND OF CORSICA:
HISTORY AND PRESENT**

The article is devoted to the history of the development of the separatist movement on the island of Corsica. For many centuries of its history, the island of Corsica was part of a variety of states. In the 18th century, the first separatist organizations were born in Corsica, aiming to gain independence for the island. The most active development of Corsican separatism was in the 20th century, when the National Liberation Front of Corsica was created. According to the author, the reason for the emergence of the separatist movement on the island of Corsica is the presence of fundamental differences between the Corsicans and the inhabitants of continental France. The history of the island, from the point of view of the Corsicans, is a constant change of new "masters", which aroused in the Corsicans hatred of any manifestation of foreign domination on their land. Given this feature, it becomes clear that the inhabitants of the region are unable to fully integrate into the French state. Despite the efforts made, the French authorities were powerless to suppress the separatist movement on the island. Today, the leaders of the Corsican separatists have moved to more moderate positions and declare a rejection of the methods of armed struggle, but their main goal remains the same - separation from France and the creation of an independent state.

Key words: island of Corsica, France, separatism, independence, National Liberation Front of Corsica.

V.N. Ryapolov

**THE SECT OF "WHIPS" IN THE VORONEZH PROVINCE
(BASED ON THE MATERIALS OF THE VORONEZH DIOCESAN GAZETTE)**

The article examines the history of the emergence of the sect of "Whips" in Russia. Its formation and spread, including to the territory of the Voronezh province, in the middle of the XIX century before its gradual transformation at the beginning of the XX century into the sect "New Israel".

Key words: Orthodoxy, Church, heresy, sectarianism, mysticism, whips.

I.V. Rusikov, V.A. Rusikov

**ACQUISITION OF EUROPEAN MILITARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS
TEACHING STAFF IN THE SECOND HALF OF THE XVIII CENTURY**

The article presents a variety of approaches to the recruitment of military educational institutions in Europe in the second half of the XVIII century with teaching staff. Views on the selection of teachers in each country had their own peculiarities. At the same time, the directions of this work are similar to those that were inherent in the then military school of Russia. Therefore, the article is of practical importance for understanding the measures taken to improve the training of Russian military pedagogical personnel in modern conditions.

Key words: European countries, military schools, cadet corps, military schools, military academies, teaching staff, educational process.

T.A. Sanailov

**REASONS FOR THE CREATION OF SPECIALIZED INSTITUTIONS
FOR JUVENILE DELINQUENTS**

Specialized institutions for the re-education of juvenile delinquents were formed in Russia in the second half of the XIX century under the influence of a number of economic and social reasons. The article is devoted to the analysis of the problems faced by the Russian state in the correction of juvenile offenders. As a result of solving these problems, the Russian Empire used the support of patrons and public organizations. The result of the activities carried out on the basis of expert and scientific approaches of employees of the II department of the Imperial Chancellery was the publication of the law of December 5, 1866 about correctional shelters.

Key words: juvenile delinquents, correctional institutions, II department of the Imperial chancellery, Lancaster method, Russian Empire, state power, patrons, public organizations, responsibility to society.

D.V. Shchukin

**THE SPHERE OF EDUCATION IN THE SPACE OF HISTORICAL
DEVELOPMENT AND EVERYDAY LIFE OF RUSSIA IN THE 1990S**

The article discusses the features and characteristics of the development of education in Russia in the 1990s. Attention is paid to the complex specifics of the state of Russian education in the conditions of transformation and transition from the Soviet to the "new" Russian education system. The main characteristic features and features of the reform of the national education system of the period under study are highlighted

Key words: history, education, Russia, reforms, pedagogy, training, everyday life.

S.A. Meganov

THE ORIGINS OF CHRISTIAN THOUGHT IN RUSSIA

The article analyzes the origins of Christianity in Rus' in the 9th - 10th centuries. The special influence of Christianity on the internal politics and development of the culture of the Old Russian state is considered.

Key words: Christianity, kinship ties, Rus. christening

B.A. Ershov, I.A. Grebennikov, D.V. Yanovsky

IMPACT OF RUSSIAN TOURISM ON INTERNATIONAL RELATIONSHIPS

This article deals with the issue related to the influence of Russian tourism on international relations. A significant part is devoted to the consideration of the Russian tourist flow by country, and it is also considered in more detail on the example of the relationship between Russia and Turkey.

Key words: tourism, international relations, international tourism, Russian Federation, Turkey, tourist flow, share of tourism.

I.V. Zubov, D.A. Alekseev

**ON THE NATURE OF RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN THE RUSSIAN
FEDERATION AND THE REPUBLIC OF POLAND**

This article presents a historical analysis of the reasons for the complex nature of relations between the Russian and Polish states, with particular attention paid to the deterioration of these relations in recent times (from the moment Poland joined NATO to the present).

Key words: Poland, Republic of Poland, Polish People's Republic, Soviet Union, USSR, Council for Mutual Economic Assistance, Warsaw Pact, Russian Federation, European Union, NATO, special military operation of the Armed Forces of the Russian Federation on the territory of Ukraine.

D.Y. Levin, A.A. Boldyrev, A.V. Norman

**ANALYSIS OF COMMUNICATION WITH INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERS AS A
MEANS OF ENSURING THE QUALITY OF INNOVATION IN THE
ENGINEERING DESIGN FIELD**

The article discusses the data obtained as a result of communication with engineering specialists of operating machine-building enterprises, based on interviews, filling out questionnaires and questionnaires. The analysis of the data under study makes it possible to identify markers by which it is possible to assess the prospects for the introduction of innovative technologies in industry, as well as to identify the interest of employees in the modernization of engineering design. Based on the results of the study, recommendations for building communication are formulated.

Key words: audit, questionnaire, communication, innovation, modernization of production, engineering design.

A.A. Tyulyandina

THE SPECIFICS OF CHINA'S SOFT POWER IN THE MODERN WORLD

The article provides the definition of the term “soft force”, highlights its origin and use in the foreign policy of the PRC. Particular attention is paid to the spheres and mechanisms of using this concept. Examples of the results of the successful application of the “soft power” by China and its influence on the international system are given. In the conclusion of the article, the problematic aspects of the spread of influence of the country are highlighted and negative aspects are considered, which negatively affect the image of the PRC.

Key words: China, soft power, concept, foreign policy, international relations, mechanisms of influence, politics, state, persuasion, image, attractiveness.

V.A. Shumskikh

**DIGITALIZATION OF LABOR AS AN ELEMENT OF SOCIAL AND LABOR
RELATIONS IN GERMANY**

The digitalization of the German economy is causing a number of professions to become obsolete. New technologies will change the labor market and the lives of Germans at an accelerating pace. In general, Germany is lagging behind in the digitalization of labor, a process that is gaining momentum right now. The legal aspects of the digitalization of labor are discussed, which the main institutions of German social partnership - trade unions and works councils - should take into account in their work.

Key words: Labor virtualization, reorganization, transformation risks, benefits, labor law